

# DEFINING "DISADVANTAGED COMMUNITIES" IN AB 327

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## DISADVANTAGED COMMUNITIES



[AB 32, SB 535, SB 43]

Significant exposure to contaminants (pollution)

+

Vulnerable populations (socio-economic)

#### ACHIEVING ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE

This definition acknowledges cumulative impacts --

"Communities most burdened by pollution from multiple sources and most vulnerable to its effects taking into account socio-economic status and underlying health status." [CalEPA]

Helps to ensure "fair treatment of all Californians, including minority and lowincome populations."

## TRANSFORMATIVE INVESTMENTS



AB 32: "where applicable and to the extent feasible, direct public and private investment toward the most disadvantaged communities in California."

SB 535: "allocate a minimum of 25 percent of the [GGRF] to projects that provide benefits to [disadvantaged communities]" AND "a minimum of 10 percent... to projects located within [disadvantaged communities.

Cap and Trade Investment Plan 2013: "In the long-term, investments could help implement the transformational changes that will be needed to attain widespread use of advanced technologies, development of renewable energy, and reach our long-term GHG emissions reduction goals."

# CalEnviroScreen 2.0

- Landmark Science-Based Tool -- identifies the "portions of the state that have higher pollution burdens and vulnerabilities than other areas, and therefore are most in need of assistance."
- Robust public process; vetted by environmental justice advocates and academics over 5 years
- Top 25% of California's census tracts designated as disadvantaged for purposes of SB 535 implementation
- Provides statewide reliability and consistency
- Identified communities may leverage GGRF/SB 535 funding to maximize benefits